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Taucribad is an evaluation in frument designed for individual or from use for assessing an overall science curricula. Openial learn vitain seven broad topics (foundations for local planning; desciding teaching-learning; staff; facilities, equipment, and materials; evaluation; and finances) are scaled zero (totally lacking) no four (excellent). The scale for each topic is a verager and plotted on an included profile chart. Also included is a plan of Action fore for planning science curriculum improvement based upon the trees of prospet and need identified on the profile chart. (31)

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# SCIENCE EDUCATION

## ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENT

Division of Science Education State Department of Public Instruction 27611 Raleigh, N. C.

### SCIENCE EDUCATION, K-12

This instrument is designed to assist teachers and others in local administrative units in assessing science curricula in regard to the needs and aspirations of their students. It may be used by an individual or by a group. The science curriculum consists of those courses and activities designed to meet the individual student's educational needs related to science.

The instrument is composed of seven categories and a summary section. The purpose of the summary section is to provide a means for looking, in a graphic manner, at the results obtained from the instrument after it has been completed, and for planning for program improvement.

## Directions

Familiarize yourself with the format of this instrument. Then rate each item using the following scale:

0 1 2 3 4

Circle the number (only one) which identifies your evaluation of the item. The scale extends upward from 0 to 4 (0 = totally lacking; l = poor; 2 = fair; 3 = good; 4 = excellent).

After completing the instrument, add all circled numbers in each category and obtain an average for each category. The averages are to be used in completing the profile chart on page 10.

Name of School	
Administrative Unit	
Grade Level(s)	Assessment Date

Note: If a more comprehensive assessment instrument is desired, contact the National Science Teachers Association, 1742 Connecticut Avenue, N. M., Washington, D. C. 20009.

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# I - What Donner

· .	has a local science advisory committee been established?	í,	i	-C)	3	4
	have such depresentatives of the local community as scientists, engineers, school and lay personnel been involvedto the extent of actionon the local advisory committee?		1	<b>-</b> 71 - 1	.3	•
	has a survey or a listing been made of local science- re, sed resources available for improving science teaching?	,	1	2	ú	4
	have resources of local business and industry been actilized, e. a., field trips, classroom presentations. and science materials?	Ô	1	2	3	а
	are scientists and science educators from nearby colleges and universities used as consultants and apparent for the school's science program?	0	7	2	3	4
	are measurements made of factors such as changes in enrollment and interest in science classes and activities which might be significant in planning for facilities, staff, budget, and curriculum?	ŋ	1	2	3	4
<i>ï</i> .	is there coordination to insure that the following are being adequately included in the science program and, at the same time, are not being duplicated:					
	a. environmental education?	O	1	2	3	4
	b. retrisation?	ŋ	]	2	3	4
	d. safer?	0	7	2	3	4
٠.	is there evidence that attention is being given to co- ordinating and infusing the science program with the mathematics, English, social studies, and other programs?	0	1	2	3	4
ી.	has an effort been made to develop adjunct science activities within the community such as a junior museum, nature trail, or wildlife preserve?	0	1	2	3	4
17.	are efforts made to follow up progressing science students to determine whether or not the sequencing and content of the science program is meeting the students' needs?	0	1	2	3	4
11.	have the local board of education and the school admin- istration evidenced a sensitivity for the responsibil- ity for public education in science through:					
	a. making plans to adequately finance a good program?	0	1	2	3	4
	<ul> <li>b. recognizing that specific facilities and equipment, as well as properly trained science teachers, are a basic requisite to a good program?</li> </ul>	0	1	2	3	4
	c. providing an opportunity for every child to study science at every grade level?	0	ן	2	3	4
	d. supporting thoughtfully-conceived curriculum and instructional innovations?	0	ן	2	3	4



	ir.	tal an operating philosophy for the science program been developed?	n	į	.,	ξ.	ą.
	15.	are the long-range goals for the science program used in determining short-range immediate objectives?	0	Ī	2	3	4
	1.1.	is there evidence that the long-range goals consider the nature and importance of the history, philosophy, and lives of men of science as a major cultural influence?	0	Ì	2	3	4
		ine the average (to one decimal point) for category I by of the circled numbers in category I by 19.	dividi	ng	the		
		(Total;	Averag	е _			)
11.	CORRECT	ALGH					
	in Wat	t Degree:					
	1.	have criteria, based on long-range goals, been established for the selection and organization of course content?	0	1	2	3	4
	o	is science scheduled as a regular subject and available to each pupil at every grade level?	. 0	1	2	3	4
	3.	is the amount of class time scheduled for science at every grade level sufficient for the full attainment of the desired goals?	0	1	2	3	4
	4.	are open-ended and problem-solving type activities used extensively as a means of developing:					
		a. scientific attitudes?	•	7		3	
		b. skills in the processes of scientific inquiry?	0	7	2	3	4
		c. functional understandings of scientific concepts?	0	1	2	3	4
	5.	do the curricula at your grade level (primary, middle, or secondary) give emphasis to the historical, biographical (men of science), and philosophical aspects of science?	0	1	2	3	4
	6.	does the school science program provide opportunities, encouragement, and assistance for interested, qualified students to do individual or specialized work in science?	0	1	2	3	4
	7.	does the science program provide encouragement and assistance for students to engage in a variety of special activities such as science clubs, fairs, contests, and the junior academy program?		1	2	3	4
	9.	is the science program supported by appropriate modi- fications and arrangements of the instructional activities of the science faculty such as:					
		a. open classroom concept?	0	1	2	3	4
		b. flexible scheduling concept?	0	7	2	3	4



	1 The extense of the state o		Ď	Ì	* 1	3	4
	i, communication		:	1	2	4	Ą
٠	to the content and nature of specific science courses influenced by rational corriectum development projects which have teen carries on during the past 10-15 years?		. ;	ì	7	;	Λ
; *.	the science program development give consideration to recommendations from a F-12 cumpleulum committee for the school district?		· j		0	3	4
H	an teachers participate in developing the science confoulum?		e,	ì	2	3	$\ell_{\tau}^{*}$
	is there articulation between and among elementary, using high, and high school science courses?		()	7	,15 F.	3	4]
1.	comes the concent of offerings meet the science needs of students relative to their becoming "scientifically literate?"		Ó	1	2	3	4
: . ,	do the offerings and strategies used encourage the stu- dent to understand the nature of science as inquiry as well as a structural body of knowledge?		ŋ.	1	2	£ * }	Ĉ,
	is laboratory work included as an integral part or the science program?		$\cap$	Ī	2	3	4
<i>:</i> .	is the science curriculum reviewed annually for changes and modifications?			1	2	3	4
17.	are student surveys used to get suggestions for evaluat- ing and strengthening the science program?		0	1	2	3	4
19.	does the science program help students develop and practice using attitudes and habits essential to critical thinking; e.g., curiosity, suspending judgment, testing the accuracy of data, evaluating and using sources of data and information?		0	ì	2	3	4
	nine the average (to one decimal point) for category II by of the circled numbers in category II by 23.  (Total	dividi ; Aver			e 		_)
TEACHI	SKI-LEARNING						
7.	To what extent does instruction promote the use of inquiry in problem-solving situations?		0	7	2	3	4
2.	To what degree do classroom procedures reflect the objectives of the course?		O	j	2	3	4
· .	To what extent are different methods of instruction offered for slow, average, and able students?		0	1	2	3	4
4.	To what degree is there evidence that the teachers adequately plan and prepare for instruction?		0	1	2	3	4
5.	To what degree is there evidence that the school or administrative unit is attempting to identify problems in science instruction and to seek their solutions?		0	1	2	3	4



III.

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	oll comber of property bions?		:		÷	· •
	I what formee we belience teachers' schedules include adequate time to make preparations for laboratory work and demonstrations as well as to prepare for clararoom teaching?	4 (	1	<b>?</b> .	* V	
	is what extent does the professional library include a dood selection of professional books, periodicals, and newsletters, or other current releases of information relating to science teaching?	0	7	2	3	$\mathcal{L}_{\tau}^{t}$
٠.	to that degree is adequate secretarial and clerical bole (nonstudent) available to the science teachers?	Ŋ	į	2	3	4
10.	To what extent does the administration seek and work to provide working conditions that foster excellence in the teaching and learning of science?	9	Ì	2	3	ų.
17.	To what degree is there evidence that the students are developing skills in the use of apparatus and equipment?	ŋ	1	2	3	<i>/</i> ]
. •	To what extent do tests and examinations place emphasis on learning scientific concepts or "big ideas" in science?	0	1	2	3	<u> 4</u>
14.	To what degree is there evidence that the nature and import the electric extitudes and values are distincted in the classroom?	0	1	2	3	Ų
14.	To what extent is the relation of science and tech- nology to current problems of people and society dis- cussed in the classroom?	0	ļ	2	3	4
14.	To whose extent does the study of science offer students opportunities to learn about careers in science and in science-related fields, what they are like, how to presert for, and what to expect from these careers?	9	1	2	3	٤
; *·· •	To what extent are pupils encouraged to question evi- dence, challenge loose thinking, and develop hypotheses as an accepted part of classroom behavior?	0	1	2	3	4
•	To what extent are pupils encouraged to develop investigations on their own?	0	1	2	3	Δ
ļφ	To what degree does studying science help students improve their communication skills through activities such as listening, reading, writing, and observing?	0	1	2	3	<u>Ţ</u>
19.	To what degree is there evidence that the administration recognizes that:					
	a. good science teaching requires more in the way of specific facilities and equipment then other academic areas?	9	1	2	3	4



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·	<ul> <li>Smooth temperation of quiencetail new inerchell to discuss to another the theory in penaline and deprevenent on actions.</li> <li>Leading</li> </ul>	Į.	į			į
	deposits a entre of the one facility (Lein ) for accepting 111 by Take a relation with the deposit of the 24. (fotal					}
						'
	the elegante to you feel is use professional preparation of the staff with regard to a ject matter?	)	ï	<i>e</i> .	3	Ą
	They arisquate do you feel is the preparation of the staff in learning theory and in up-to-date methods of teaching tierro?	Ö	;	<i>C.</i>		Ā
٠	or what extent have members of the science staff particles asked in courses, seminars, and workshops dealing with excent developments in science and science education?	Ç	1	2	3	4
	is what extent do science staff more ers attend profes-donal meetings?	Ð	1	2	3	4
٠.	in what extent does the school administration contribute to the professional improvement of its teachers?	f)	1	2	3	4
	To what degree are all science teachers properly certi- fied for their assignments?	0	7	2	3	4
7.	To what degree have the science teachers updated their education through summer or academic year science programs within the last five years?	0	1	2	3	4
Φ.	Io what degree do the science teachers belong to profes- sional science organizations?	ŋ	Ţ	2	3	4
٠.	To what degree do the science teachers hold membership in the state organization for science teachers?	n	1	2.	3	4
10.	To what degree do science teachers work with other science staff members to effectively coordinate teaching/learning activities?	0	7	2	3	4
11.	To what degree do science teachers assume professional responsibilities for career guidance of pupil's interests in science?	0	1	2	3	4
iî.	How adequate is the board of education's and the administration's policies for frequently reviewing teacher assignments in terms of academic and other qualifications?	0	1	2	3	4
13.	To what degree are teachers on all grade levels encouraged to experiment with new content and new techniques?	0	1	2	3	4
14.	To what degree are science teachers given release time	Ω	1	2	3	Λ



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1	Pata rooms	where science	1.5	taudat	adlanica.	10 Un
	following.	characteristics	š:			

	follow	ring characteristics:					
	•	proper heat and ventilation (including fume hoods where needed)?	íì.	ï	z.	5	
	15.	alectrical outlets where needed?	S	ì	Ĺ	,	- 1
	<b>5.</b>	running water taps and sinks where needed?	Q	1	2	3	!
	₫.	room darkening capability?	n	1	2	3	4
	e.	adequate facilities for large and small group instruction and independent study?	0	Ì	2	3	Ą
	€.	adequate space, tools, and materials for build- ing and maintaining equipment?	0	1	2	3	Λ
	a.	adequate space and equipment for maintaining living plants and animals where needed?	0	ן	2	3	4
	ň),	adequate space for storing equipment and materials?	0	7	2	3	4
	í.	adequate provisions for the safe storage and handling of hazardous materials?	0	1	2	3	4
	j.	adequate space for student project work?	0	1	2	3	4
	<u> </u>	readily accessible first aid and safety equip- ment?	0	ī	2	3	4
	1.	adequate facilities and directions for disposal of waste material?	0	7	2	3	4
٠, .		t degree are suitable types of basic equipment structional aids provided for and readily avail-					
	₫.	teachers for instructional purposes?	0	1	2	3	4
	b.	pupils for project work?	0	1	2	3	4
	Ç.	pupils for team work?	0	1	2	3	4
	d.	pupils for individual work, both during and outside of classroom time?	0	1	2	3	4
3.		t degree are adequate quantities of the follow- ovided:					
	a.	textbooks with recent copyright dates?	0	1	2	3	4



The war are a superior than the first transfer to The property of the control of the c The state of the same in the s a second to good to the library consuped view materials to I as individuo den ive deury in the science program: what degree does such schools teacher have ficilities ter effective performance of: a. preparatory and planning activities? 1. confidential conference activities with nupils and parents? c. desk and office functions? 2 3 4 . To what extent are teachers responsible for the selection of equipment, materials, and texts? 7. To what extent are items of audicvisual equipment available for immediate use as necessary? 2 3 4 To what extent are teachers instructed in the use of 2 equipment and materials? 3 To what extent are the materials, equipment, and services in the science rooms kept in good working order? 0 1 2 3 To what extent are the classrooms and laboratories ade-10. quate in number and size for the number of students who 2 3 4 take science? 11. If there is an outdoor nature study area available on or near the school grounds, to what extent is it used for teaching/learning purposes? 2 3 4 To what extent are procedures for requesting and ordering equipment and supplies reasonable, simple, and 2 3 4 efficient? To what extent are science teachers effectively involved in the selection and purchase of all instruction, equip-

Determine the average (to one decimal point) for category V by dividing the total of the circled numbers in category V by 36.

(Total \_\_\_\_\_; Average \_\_\_\_\_)

3

0 1 2 3 4



ment, and materials for use in the science areas?

duction services available to science teachers?

science equipment and supplies maintained?

To what extent is an effective, continuous inventory of

To what degree are duplicating facilities and other repro-

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	control of the second of the s		;			.1
	and some litter conformation of a 2		ı		*	4
	. Opinosive tests?	1	,		1	, " . , " .
	: essay examinations?				;	-1
	. Gracher observations?	٠.			;	A
٠	in smat degree does the evaluation program reflect balanced emphasis among conceptual schemes, process skills, social aspects of science, and values and artitudes?	. 1	,	2.	Q.	; <u>!</u>
:.	To what degree are criteria for evaluation available which are based on the stated goals for the science program?	()	:-	* 	3	<i>[</i> ]
a.	To what degree have science teachers received in- service or other training regarding evaluation and evaluation measures?	O.	7	2	3	4
***	To what extent are efforts made to follow in the graduates from high school programs to determine whether or not the science program met the needs of:					
	a. those who plan to follow careers in science?	O	1	2	3	4
	b. those who do not plan to pursue science- related careers but who will become scientifically-literate citizens?	0	1	2	3	4
€.	To what extent are teachers encouraged and given the opportunity to evaluate their own teaching procedure:?	0	7	2	3	4
7.	To what degree do science tests assess more than the recall of facts in that they include evaluations of applications of principles, comprehension, synthesis, judgment, and understanding the processes of science?	0	ī	2	3	á.
9.	To what extent are the results of evaluation used in quiding students in their selection of more advanced courses and life careers?	0	1	2	3	4
9.	To what extent do students exhibit an interest in science as shown by their leisure-time activities?	0	7	2	3	Ĉ,
10.	To what extent is evaluation of student achievement made in terms of success in meeting specified objectives?	Ō	7	2	3	4
17.	To what degree is communication of student achievement by teachers to parents done periodically by means other than the issuance of "report cards," with single letter marks or grades for the course?	0	7	2	3	4



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is what outlook to the few realizate and adometer the $\epsilon$ , $\epsilon$ is length program.	1	i		.!
<pre>1</pre>	14	!		1
To what extend one funds and support provided to call in consultants and speciality a needed to help the scrence country?	ń	** !	1	27
The the amproper (to one coincil coint) for detectory VII by each of the circled numbers in catego. VII by 4.  (Total:				)



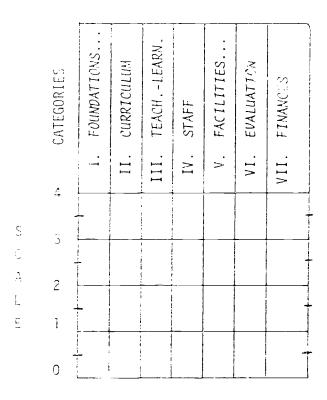
## SUMMARY SE 1/10%

Fransium the datherny averages from the trevious pages to the impropriate bounds below.

	Categories	<u>Averages</u>
٠.	TO MUNICIPAL FOR LOCAL PLACETOR	
	o maidulus	
11.	TUACHTMO-LUARIIIMO	
10.	STAFF	
•	FASTUITIES. EQUIPMENT, AME MATERIALS	
/:	EVALUATION	
11.	TINAMOLS	

## Profile Chart

Barken each column from the bottom up to the level which indicates the average obtained for that category.



This profile chart, when completed, should provide assistance in planning for science curriculum improvement. The areas of strength and areas of need will be easily identifiable.



## Plan Of Action

Ι.	Atens of school de
II.	Meas in need of improvement (in rank order):
HI.	Stritegies necessary for improving science program:
IV.	îmmadiate plans:
У.	Long-hange plans:

